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APPLICATION NO.	F	ILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/086,762	0/086,762 02/28/2002		Robert Groten	22750/434A 1346		
26646	7590	01/30/2004		EXAMINER		
KENYON		ON	DEL SOLE, JOSEPH S			
ONE BROA NEW YORI		0004		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
•				1722		
				DATE MAILED: 01/30/2004	1	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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• • •	2	Applicati	on No.	Applicant(s)	70			
	Office A-4i Common and	10/086,7	62	GROTEN ET AL.				
	Office Action Summary	Examine		Art Unit				
			Del Sole	1722				
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this commu or Reply	nication appears on th	e cover sheet with the	correspondence address				
THE - External after - If the - If NO - Failur - Any I	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNINSIONS of time may be available under the provision SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this context of period for reply specified above is less than thirty precipited provided for reply is specified above, the maximum are to reply within the set or extended period for repreply received by the Office later than three months and patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	NICATION. as of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no evalunciation. (30) days, a reply within the stall statutory period will apply and will will, by statute, cause the app	ent, however, may a reply be ti tutory minimum of thirty (30) da rill expire SIX (6) MONTHS fron olication to become ABANDONI	mely filed ys will be considered timely n the mailing date of this communic ED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	cation.			
1)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) fi	led on <u>30 December 2</u>	<u>003</u> .					
2a)⊠	This action is FINAL .	2b) ☐ This action is n	on-final.	•				
3)	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the ments is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.							
Disposit	ion of Claims			•				
•	Claim(s) 13-18 is/are pending in th		1					
	4a) Of the above claim(s) <u>18</u> is/are	withdrawn from consid	ieration.					
	Claim(s) is/are allowed. Claim(s) <u>13-17</u> is/are rejected.							
·	Claim(s) is/are objected to.		•					
-	Claim(s) are subject to restr	iction and/or election r	requirement.					
•	ion Papers		•					
9)	The specification is objected to by t	he Examiner.						
10)	The drawing(s) filed on is/are	e: a) accepted or b)	□ objected to by the	Examiner.				
	Applicant may not request that any obj	ection to the drawing(s)	be held in abeyance. Se	e 37 CFR 1.85(a).				
	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including	ng the correction is requi	red if the drawing(s) is ob	ojected to. See 37 CFR 1.12	21(d).			
11)	The oath or declaration is objected	to by the Examiner. N	ote the attached Office	Action or form PTO-152	2.			
Priority (under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120							
* § 13)	Acknowledgment is made of a clair All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priorit 2. Certified copies of the priorit 3. Copies of the certified copies application from the Internat See the attached detailed Office act Acknowledgment is made of a claim ince a specific reference was included 7 CFR 1.78. b) The translation of the foreign la Acknowledgment is made of a claim eference was included in the first see	y documents have been y documents have been sof the priority documents and Bureau (PCT Ruston for a list of the cert for domestic priority used in the first sentence anguage provisional approvisional approximational ap	en received. en received in Applicatents have been received le 17.2(a)). ified copies not receivender 35 U.S.C. § 119(be of the specification has been reconder 35 U.S.C. §§ 120	tion No. 09/515,866. The din this National Stage and the stage application and the stage are in an Application Data stage and/or 121 since a special and/or	cation) Sheet.			
Attachmen	t(s)							
2) Notic	e of References Cited (PTO-892) se of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449)		- <u> </u>	y (PTO-413) Paper No(s) Patent Application (PTO-152)	_·			

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DETAILED ACTION

Election/Restrictions

1. Claim 18 is withdrawn from further consideration pursuant to 37 CFR 1.142(b) as being drawn to a nonelected invention, there being no allowable generic or linking claim. Election was made without traverse in the response of 10/22/03.

Claim Objections

2. Claim 15 is objected to because of the following informalities: **a)** each claim must end in a period ".", therefore "in the second group" at line 7 of claim 15 must be changed to -- in the second group.--. Appropriate correction is required.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

3. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- 4. Claims 13 and 15-17 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Proulx (5,814,176).

Proulx teaches a die system (Fig 1, #28) having a polymer source (Fig 1, #20); a die in communication with the polymer source; a die plate (Fig 6) in fluid communication with the die, the die plate defining a first group of openings (Fig 8), the first group of openings having a first opening and a second opening, the first opening and the second opening configured to form at least two elementary polymer filaments (Fig 8); the die plate defines a second group of openings, the second group having a third opening and

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a fourth opening, the third opening and the fourth opening configured to form a third elementary fiber having a skin and a fourth elementary fiber having a skin (Fig 8); a die plate having a first opening and a second opening, the distance between the first opening and the second opening is equal to or greater than a quarter of the sum of the diameters of the first opening and the second opening and the distance between the first opening and the second opening is less than or equal to the sum of the diameters of the first opening and the second opening (col 3, line 62 - col 4, line 16).

The limitation "the first opening and the second opening further configured such that a bead of the polymer material exiting a die opening in the group contacts with at least one other bead of polymer material exiting another die opening in the group" fails to structurally limit the claimed apparatus because it merely recites the process of operating the apparatus in such a way that two beads contact one another. The similar limitation directed towards "third and fourth openings" similarly does not structurally limit the claimed apparatus. All structural limitations are taught. Furthermore, the claim limitation "containing a polymer under predetermined rheological conditions" is a process limitation directed toward the material process, and not directed to the structure of the apparatus, and therefore does not further limit the apparatus.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 5. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

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- 6. The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham* v. *John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:
 - 1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
 - 2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
 - 3. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.
 - 4. Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.
- 7. This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).
- 8. Claim 14 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Proulx (5,814,176) in view of Schrenk (3,607,509).

Proulx teaches the apparatus as discussed above.

Proulx fails to teach a second polymer source in communication with the die.

Schrenk teaches an apparatus having a second polymer source (Fig 1, and col 2, line 68 - col 3, line 14) for the purpose of forming a composite product bonded filaments (Fig 9 and col 4, lines 30-41).

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It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time of the Applicant's invention to have modified the invention of Proulx with a second polymer source as taught by Schrenk because it enables a bonded filaments product to be formed of a plurality of polymers.

9. Claim 14 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Proulx (5,814,176) in view of Kamp (4,540,537).

Proulx teaches the apparatus as discussed above.

Proulx fails to teach a second polymer source in communication with the die.

Kamp teaches an apparatus having a second polymer source (Fig 4, #41) for the purpose of forming a composite product (Fig 4 and col 4, lines 1-4).

It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time of the Applicant's invention to have modified the invention of Proulx with a second polymer source as taught by Kamp because it enables a composite product to be formed.

Response to Arguments

10. Applicant's arguments filed 10/22/03, 11/20/03 and 12/30/03 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

The Applicant argues that the cited references do not disclose "a system configured to form at least two elementary filaments, the first opening and the second opening configured such that a bead of the polymer material exiting a die opening in the group contacts with at least one other bead of polymer material exiting another die opening in the group" as recited in claim 13 and do not disclose "a die plate in system configured such that the polymer from the die exiting the first opening forms a first bead

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and polymer from the die exiting the second opening forms a second bead, wherein the first bead and the second bead are in contact with one another" as recited in claims 16 and 17.

The Examiner disagrees. When two openings are separate from one another, and two beads traveling therefrom come in contact with one another, the coming together is a result of conditions upon which the materials exit and a result of the chemical qualities of the material. As the Applicant's drawings show, and the claims set forth, the die plate has two openings set apart from one another a certain distance. Proulx teaches such a die plate with set apart openings. The method of operation taught by Proulx, whether or not it is different from the method of operation of the Applicant's invention, does not serve to differentiate the <u>structure</u> taught by Proulx from the structure claimed.

Conclusion

11. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any

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extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Correspondence

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Joseph S. Del Sole whose telephone number is (703) 308-6295. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday through Friday from 8:30 A.M. to 5:00 P.M.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Ms. Wanda Walker, can be reached at (703) 308-0457. The official fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is (703) 872-9310 for non-after finals and (703) 872-9311 for after finals.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 308-0661.

Joseph & Lack Sole

January 26, 2004

ROBERT DAVIS
PRIMARY EXAMINER
GROUP 1300/200